

Grade: 2



Mathematics

Grade 2 – Year at a Glance

2018 - 2019

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Module 1 Aug. 6 – Aug. 21	Module 2 Aug. 22 – Sept. 6	Module 3 Sept.10 – Oct. 19	Module 4 Oct. 23 – Dec. 10	2 nd Grade Tasks Dec. 10 – Dec.19	Module 5 Jan. 9 – Feb. 6	Module 6 Feb. 7 – Mar. 8	Module 7 Mar. 18-Apr. 18	Ар	Module 8 r. 22-May 22
Sums and Differences to 100	Addition and Subtraction of Length Units	Place Value, Counting, and Comparison of Numbers to 1,000	Addition and Subtraction Within 200 with Word Problems to 100	Activities/tasks for standards below (please use these tasks to expose students to standards prior to starte testing)	Addition and Subtraction Within 1,000 with Word Problems	Foundations of Multiplication and Division	Problem Solving with Length, Money, and Data	indow	Time, Shapes, and Fractions as Equal Parts of Shapes
				state testing,				≥	
2.0A.A.1	2.MD.A.1	2.NBT.A.1	2.0A.A.1	2.MD.C.7	2.NBT.B.7	2.OA.C.3	2.NBT.B.5	8	2.MD.C.7
2.OA.B.2	2.MD.A.2	2.NBT.A.2	2.NBT.B.5	2.G.A.1	2.NBT.B.8	2.OA.C.4	2.MD.A.1	sti	2.G.A.1
2.NBT.B.5	2.MD.A.3	2.NBT.A.3	2.NBT.B.6	2.G.A.3	2.NBT.B.9	2.G.A.2	2.MD.A.2	/Te	2.G.A.3
	2.MD.A.4	2.NBT.A.4	2.NBT.B.7				2.MD.A.3	ad	
	2.MD.B.5		2.NBT.B.8				2.MD.A.4	Re	
	2.MD.B.6		2.NBT.B.9				2.MD.B.5	PF 1	
							2.MD.B.6		
							2.MD.C.8		
							2.MD.D.9		
							2.MD.D.10		

Key:

Major Content

Additional Content

Note: Please use this suggested pacing as a guide. It is understood that teachers may be up to 1 week ahead or 1 week behind depending on their individual class needs.

Use the following guide as you prepare to teach a module for additional guidance in planning, pacing, and suggestions for omissions. <u>Pacing and Preparation Guide (Omissions)</u>



Grade: 2

Introduction

Destination 2025, Shelby County Schools' 10-year strategic plan, is designed not only to improve the quality of public education, but also to create a more knowledgeable, productive workforce and ultimately benefit our entire community.

What will success look like?



In order to achieve these ambitious goals, we must collectively work to provide our students with high quality, college and career ready aligned instruction. The Tennessee State Standards provide a common set of expectations for what students will know and be able to do at the end of a grade. The State of Tennessee provides two sets of standards, which include the Standards for Mathematical Content and The Standards for Mathematical Practice. The Content Standards set high expectations for all students to ensure that Tennessee graduates are prepared to meet the rigorous demands of mathematical understanding for college and career. The eight Standards for Mathematical Practice describe the varieties of expertise, habits of mind, and productive dispositions that educators seek to develop in all students. The Tennessee State Standards also represent three fundamental shifts in mathematics instruction: focus, coherence and rigor.



The Standards for Mathematical Fractice describe varieties of expense, habits of minus and productive dispositions that mathematics educators at all levels should seek to develop in their students. These practices rest on important National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) "processes and proficiencies" with

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 2 of 22



Grade: 2

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18

3 of 22

longstanding importance in mathematics education. Throughout the year, students should continue to develop proficiency with the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice. The following are the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice:

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of them.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

This curriculum map is designed to help teachers make effective decisions about what mathematical content to teach so that ultimately our students can reach Destination 2025. Throughout this curriculum map, you will see resources as well as links to tasks that will support you in ensuring that students are able to reach the demands of the standards in your classroom. In addition to the resources embedded in the map, there are some high-leverage resources around the content standards and mathematical practice standards that teachers should consistently access. For a full description of each, click on the links below.





Grade: 2

Structure of the Standards

Structure of the TN State Standards include:

- Content Standards Statements of what a student should know, understand, and be able to do.
- **Clusters** Groups of related standards. Cluster headings may be considered as the big idea(s) that the group of standards they represent are addressing. They are therefore useful as a quick summary of the progression of ideas that the standards in a domain are covering and can help teachers to determine the focus of the standards they are teaching.
- **Domains** A large category of mathematics that the clusters and their respective content standards delineate and address. For example, Number and Operations Fractions is a domain under which there are a number of clusters (the big ideas that will be addressed) along with their respective content standards, which give the specifics of what the student should know, understand, and be able to do when working with fractions.
- **Conceptual Categories** The content standards, clusters, and domains in the 9th-12th grades are further organized under conceptual categories. These are very broad categories of mathematical thought and lend themselves to the organization of high school course work. For example, Algebra is a conceptual category in the high school standards under which are domains such as Seeing Structure in Expressions, Creating Equations, Arithmetic with Polynomials and Rational Expressions, etc.



Grade: 2

How to Use the Maps

Overview

An overview is provided for each quarter and includes the topics, focus standards, intended rigor of the standards and foundational skills needed for success of those standards.

Your curriculum map contains four columns that each highlight specific instructional components. Use the details below as a guide for information included in each column.

Tennessee State Standards

TN State Standards are located in the left column. Each content standard is identified as Major Content or Supporting Content. A key can be found at the bottom of the map.

Content

This section contains learning objectives based upon the TN State Standards. Best practices tell us that clearly communicating measurable objectives lead to greater student understanding. Additionally, essential questions are provided to guide student exploration and inquiry.

Instructional Support

District and web-based resources have been provided in the Instructional Support column. You will find a variety of instructional resources that align with the content standards. The additional resources provided should be used as needed for content support and scaffolding.

Vocabulary and Fluency

The inclusion of vocabulary serves as a resource for teacher planning and for building a common language across K-12 mathematics. One of the goals for Tennessee State Standards is to create a common language, and the expectation is that teachers will embed this language throughout their daily lessons. In order to aid your planning, we have also included a list of fluency activities for each lesson. It is expected that fluency practice will be a part of your daily instruction. (Note: Fluency practice is not intended to be speed drills, but rather an intentional sequence to support student automaticity. Conceptual understanding must underpin the work of fluency.

Instructional Calendar

As a support to teachers and leaders, an instructional calendar is provided **as a guide**. Teachers should use this calendar for effective planning and pacing, and leaders should use this calendar to provide *support* for teachers. Due to variances in class schedules and differentiated support that may be needed for students' adjustment to the calendar may be required.

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 5 of 22



Grade: 2

Grade 2 Quarter 4 Overview

Module 7: Problem Solving with Length, Money, and Data Module 8: Time, Shapes, and Fractions as Equal Parts of Shapes

Quarter: 4

The chart below includes the standards that will be addressed in this quarter, the type of rigor the standards address, and foundational skills needed for mastery of these standards. Consider using these foundational standards to address student gaps during intervention time as appropriate for students.

Focus Grade Level Standard	Type of Rigor	Foundational Standards
2.OA.C.3	Conceptual Understanding/Application	1.OA.7
2.NBT.B.5	Procedural Skill and Fluency	1.NBT.4, 1.NBT.5, 1.NBT.6, 2.OA.2
2.MD.A.1	Procedural Skill and Fluency	1.MD.1, 1. MD.2
2.MD.A.2	Procedural Skill and Fluency, Conceptual Understanding	1.MD.2, 2.MD.1, 2.MD.3
2.MD.A.3	Conceptual Understanding	1.MD.2, 2.MD.1
2.MD.A.4	Procedural Skill and Fluency	2.MD.1, 2.MD.3
2.MD.B.5	Application	2.MD.3, 2.MD.4
2.MD.B.6	Conceptual Understanding	Introductory
2.MD.C.7	Procedural Skill and Fluency, Conceptual Understanding	1.MD.3
2.MD.C.8	Application	Introductory
2.MD.D.9	Procedural Skill and Fluency	Introductory
2.MD.D.10	Procedural Skill and Fluency	1.MD.4
2.G.A.1	Conceptual Understanding	1.G.1
2.G.A.3	Procedural Skill and Fluency, Conceptual Understanding	1.G.3, 2.G.2

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 6 of 22



Quarter: 4

Grade: 2

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY			
Module 7- Problem Solving with Length, Money, and Data						
	Essential Questions	Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic A	Vocabulary			
 Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Represent and interpret data 2.MD.D.10- Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with intervals of one) to represent a data set with up to four 	 What is the easiest way to count a group of coins? Is there more than one way to make the same amount of money? How can you tell which attributes of an object can be measured? 	Optional Quiz: Topic A Pacing Considerations: Combine Lessons 1 and 2: Review both lessons and choose the problems that align to	Bar, category, data, degree, foot, inch, legend, line plot, picture graph, scale, survey, symbol, table, yard Familiar Terms and Symbols Benchmark number, centimeter, cents, coins,			
categories. Solve addition and subtraction problems related to the data in a graph.	 What are some ways data can be organized? How can you decide what type of graph to use once you have collected data? 	the depth of knowledge the standard requires and meets the needs of your students in both the concept development, problem set and exit	compare, compose, decompose, difference. Dollars, endpoint			
	to use once you have conected data?	ticket.	Fluency Practice:			
	Topic A- Problem Solving with Categorical	Combine Lessons 3 and 4: Review both	Topic A			
	 Lesson 1: I can sort and record data into a table using up to four categories; use category counts to solve word problems. (2. MD.D.10) Lesson 2: I can draw and label a picture graph to represent data with up to four categories. (2. MD.D.10) Lesson 3: I can draw and label a bar graph to represent data; relate the count scale to the number line. (2. MD.D.10) Lesson 4: I can draw a bar graph to represent a given data set. (2. MD.D.10) 	Combine Lessons 3 and 4. Review both lessons and choose the problems that align to the depth of knowledge the standard requires and meets the needs of your students in both the concept development, problem set and exit ticket. Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 23: Draw and Use Bar Graphs and Picture Graphs • Math in Action: Use Measurement	Lesson 1- Count by 10 or 5 with Dimes and Nickels, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 2- Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets, Coin Drop Lesson 3- Sprint: Addition and Subtraction by 5, Coin Drop Lesson 4- Coin Drop, Skip-Counting by 5 Lesson 5- Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets, Coin Drop			
	using data presented in a bar graph. (2. MD.D.10)	Zearn: Mission 7 Lesson 2 – Picturing Data Lesson 4 – Bar Graph Path Lesson 5 – Graphing Pennies	SCS 2019/2010			

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 7 of 22



Quarter: 4

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
 Domain: Number and Operations in Base Ten Cluster: Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract. 2.NBT.B.5- Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Work with time and money 2.MD.C.8- Solve contextual problems involving dollar bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies, using \$ and ¢ symbols appropriately. 	 Topic B- Problem solving with Coins and Bills Objectives /Learning Targets Lesson 6: I can recognize the value of coins and count up to find their total value. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Lesson 7: I can solve word problems involving the total value of a group of coins. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Lesson 8: I can solve word problems involving the total value of a group of bills. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Lesson 9: I can solve word problems involving different combinations of coins with the same total value. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Lesson 10: I can use the fewest number of coins to make a given value(2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Lesson 11: I can use different strategies to make \$1 or make change from \$1. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) 	Embarc.online - Module 7 Videos: Compare Picture Graphs and Bar Graphs (2,MD,D,10) I-Ready Lessons: Picture Graphs Task Bank: Favorite Ice Cream Flavor (2,MD,D,10) Eureka Parent Newsletter - Topic B Optional Quiz: Topic B Pacing Considerations: Combine Lessons 11 and 12: Review both lessons and choose the problems that align to the depth of knowledge the standard requires and meets the needs of your students in both the concept development, problem set and exit ticket. Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: Involving Money Math in Action: Use Measurement	Fluency Practice: Topic B Lesson 6- Decomposition Tree, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 7- Skip-Count by \$5 and \$10 Between 85 and 205, Sprint: Subtraction Across a Ten Lesson 8- Sprint: Adding Across a Ten Lesson 9- Decomposition Tree, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 10- Decomposition Tree, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 11- Sprint: Subtraction from Teens, Coin Exchange Lesson 12- Sprint: Adding Across a Ten, Making \$1 Lesson 13- Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice sheets



Curriculum and Instruction – Mathematics

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY		
	 Lesson 12: I can solve word problems involving different ways to make change from \$1. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Lesson 13: I can solve two-step word problems involving dollars or cents with totals within \$100 or \$1. (2.NBT.B.5, 2. MD.C.8) Complete Mid-Module Assessment 	Zearn: Mission 7 Lesson 7 – Coin Count Lesson 9 – Coins and Dollars Lesson 10 – Change Exchange Lesson 12 – The Dollar Store Lesson 13 – Solving with Cents Embarc.online – Module 7 Videos: Count Money by Drawing Pictures (2.MD.C.8) I-Ready Lessons: Coin Values Counting Coin Values Task Bank: Alexander Who Used to be Rich Last Sunday (2.MD.C.8) Choices, Choices, Choices (2.MD.C.8) Jamar's Penny Jar (2.MD.C.8) Pet Shop (2.MD.C.8) Saving Money 1 (2.NBT.B.5, 2.MD.C.8) Saving Money 1 (2.MD.C.8) Visiting the Arcade (2.MD.C.8)			
Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Measure and estimate lengths in	Topic C- Creating an Inch Ruler	Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic C	Fluency Practice: Topic C		
standard units.	Objectives / Learning Targets	Pacing Considerations:	Lesson 14- Subtraction Fact Flash Cards		
2.MD.A.1- Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such			Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice		
as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and	physical units by using iteration with an inch	Combine Lessons 14 and 15: Review both	Sets Lesson 15- Sprint: Adding and Subtracting by		
measuring tapes.	tile to measure. (2. MD.A.1)	the depth of knowledge the standard requires	2, Round to Different Place Values		
	Lesson 15: I can apply concepts to create	and meets the needs of your students in both			
	(2. MD.A.1)				
			SCS 2018/2019		



Quarter: 4

Grade: 2

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
		the concept development, problem set and exit ticket. Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 16: <u>Understanding Length</u> and Measurement Tools • Lesson 17: <u>Measure Length</u> • Math in Action: <u>Use Measurement</u> <u>Zearn: Mission 7</u> Lesson 15 – Inching Forward <u>Embarc.online – Module 7</u> Videos: <u>Measure with Non-standard Units</u> (2.MD.A.1) <u>Measure using a ruler</u> (2.MD.A.1) <u>I-Ready Lessons:</u> Using a Ruler: Inches Using a Ruler: Centimeters <u>Task Bank:</u> <u>Determining Length</u> (2.MD.A.1, 2.MD.A.3, 2.MD.A.4)	

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 10 of 22



Quarter: 4

Grade: 2

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
 IN STATE STANDARDS Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Measure and estimate lengths in standard units. 2.MD.A.1- Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes. 2.MD.A.2- Measure the length of an object using two different units of measure and describe how the two measurements relate to the size of the unit chosen 2.MD.A.3- Estimate lengths using inches, feet, centimeters, and meters. 2.MD.A.4- Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of a standard length unit. 	 CONTENT Topic D- Measuring and Estimating Length Using Customary and Metric Units Objectives / Learning Targets: Lesson 16: I can measure various objects using inch rulers and yardsticks. (2. MD.A.1, 2. MD.A.2, 2. MD.A.3, 2. MD.A.4) Lesson 17: I can develop estimation strategies by applying prior knowledge of length and using mental benchmarks. (2. MD.A.1, 2. MD.A.2, 2. MD.A.3, 2. MD.A.4) Lesson 18: I can measure an object twice using different length units and compare; relate measurement to unit size. (2. MD.A.1, 2. MD.A.2, 2. MD.A.3, 2. MD.A.4) Lesson 19: I can measure to compare the differences in lengths using inches, feet, and yards. (2. MD.A.1, 2. MD.A.4) 	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic D Optional Quiz: Topic C and D Pacing Considerations: No pacing considerations recommended Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 18: Understand Measurement with Different Units • Lesson 18: Understand Estimating Length • Lesson 20: Compare Lengths • Math in Action: Use Measurement Math in Action: Use Measurement Tearn: Mission 7 Lesson 17 – Inches, Feet, and Yards Lesson 19 – Which is Longer? Embarc.online – Module 7 Videos: Measure using a ruler (2.MD.A.1) Find the difference in the length of two objects using addition (2 MD.A.4)	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY Fluency Practice: Topic D Lesson 16- Sprint: Adding and Subtracting by 3, Subtraction Fact Flash Cards Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 18- Decomposition Tree, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 19- Subtraction from Tens, Sprint: Subtraction Patterns
		Find the difference in the length of two objects using addition (2.MD.A.4) I-Ready Lessons: Measuring Length in Inches with a Ruler Task Bank: N/A	
			SCS 2018/2019

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 11 of 22



Quarter: 4

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
 Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Relate addition and subtraction to length. 2.MD.B.5- Addition and subtraction within 100 to solve contextual problems involving lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. 2.MD.B.6- Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line and know that points corresponding to the numbers on the number line are equally spaced. Use a number line to represent whole number sums and differences of lengths within 100 	 Topic E- Problem Solving with Cust and Metric Units Objectives / Learning Targets: Lesson 20: I can solve two-digit a and subtraction word problems in length by using tape diagrams an equations to represent the proble MD.B.5, 2. MD.B.6) Lesson 21: I can identify unknow numbers on a number line diagra using the distance between number reference points. (2. MD.B.5, 2. M) Lesson 22: I can represent two-d and differences involving length b the ruler as a number line. (2. MD MD.B.6) 	tomaryEureka Parent Newsletter - Topic EOptional Quiz: Topic EPacing Considerations:additionwolvingid writingm. (2.Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation:mmby bers andMD.B.6) tigit sums by usingD.B.5, 2.Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: Lesson 21: Add and Subtract Lengths Lesson 21: Add and Subtract Lengths Math in Action: Use MeasurementZeam: Mission 7 Lesson 20 - Sketch and SolveEmbarc.online - Module 7 Videos: N/AVideos: N/AI-Ready Lessons: Solve Problems Involving LengthTask Bank: High Jump Competition (2.MD.B.5) Frog and Toad on the Number Line (2.MD.B.6)	Fluency Practice: Topic E Lesson 20- Compensation, Sprint: Subtraction Patterns Lesson 21- Roll and Follow the Rule, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 22- Compensation, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets
			SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18
Major Conte	ent 🖉	 Supporting Content 	12 01 22



Quarter: 4

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
 Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Relate addition and subtraction to length. 2.MD.B.6- Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line and know that points corresponding to the numbers on the number line are equally spaced. Use a number line to represent whole number sums and differences of lengths within 100 Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Represent and interpret data 2.MD.D. 9- Generate measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units. 	 Topic F – Displaying Measurement Objectives / Learning Targets: Lesson 23: I can collect and rear questions and summarize the data in a table; ar questions and summarize the data MD.B.6, 2. MD.D.9) Lesson 24: I can draw a line plarepresent the measurement data the measurement scale to the n line (2. MD.B.6, 2. MD.D.9) Lesson 25: I can draw a line plarepresent a given data set; answ questions and draw conclusions measurement data. (2. MD.B.6, Lesson 26: I can draw a line plarepresent a given data set; answ questions and draw conclusions measurement data (2. MD.B.6, Cemplete End-of-Module Asse 	tt DataEureka Parent Newsletter - Topic FOptional Quiz: Topic FPacing Considerations:nswer ata set. (2.ot to a; relate umberOnti Lesson 26 or Consolidate with Lesson 25.Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation:Remediation GuideNot to wer is based on 2.Stassed on 2.Solased on SolaseSolased on 	Fluency Practice:
			SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18
Major Conte	ent	 Supporting Content 	13 of 22



Quarter: 4

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY			
Module 8- Time, Shapes, and Fractions as Equal Parts of Shapes						
 Domain: Geometry Cluster: Reason with shapes and their attributes. 2.G.A.1- Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes. Draw two-dimensional shapes having specified attributes (as determined directly or visually, not by measuring), such as a given number of angles or a given number of sides of equal length 	 How can I identify, draw and describe triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons and hexagons? How can I combine shapes to form a new shape? How can I partition and circle and rectangle into equal shapes? How can I use the partitioned circle to help me tell time? Topic A- Attributes of Geometric Shapes Objectives / Learning Targets: Lesson 1: I can describe two-dimensional shapes based on attributes. (2.G.A.1) Lesson 3: I can use attributes to draw different polygons including triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, and hexagons. (2.G.A.1) 	Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic A Pacing Considerations: No pacing considerations recommended Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 26: Recognize and Draw Shapes Zearn: Mission 8 Lesson 1 – Shape Up Lesson 2 – Sketch Shapes Lesson 3 – Spot Shapes Lesson 5 – Quadrilaterals and More Embarc.online – Module 8 Videos: Identify Quadrilaterals (2.G.A.1)	Vocabulary am/pm, analog clock, angle, parallel, parallelogram, partition, pentagon, polygon, quadrilateral, quarter past, quarter to, right angle, third of, whole Familiar Terms and Symbols Attribute, cube, digital clock, face, fourth of, half hour, half of, half past, hour, minute, o'clock, quarter, tangram, two-dimensional shapes, circle, half circle, hexagon, quarter- circle, rectangle, rhombus, square, trapezoid, triangle Fluency Practice: Topic A Lesson 1- Rename for the Larger Unit, Adding Across a Ten Lesson 2- Rename for the Larger Unit, Make a Hundred to Add Lesson 3- Addition with Renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 4- Addition with Renaming Lesson 5- Rename for the Smaller Unit, Sprint: Subtraction Patterns			
	 Lesson 4: I can use attributes to identify and draw different quadrilaterals including rectangles, rhombuses, parallelograms, and trapezoids. (2.G.A.1) Lesson 5: I can relate the square to the 	I-Ready Lessons: Recognize and Draw Shapes Task Bank:				
	cube, and describe the cube based on attributes. (2.G.A.1)	Polygons (2.G.A.1)				



Curriculum and Instruction – Mathematics

Grade: 2

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
 Domain: Geometry Cluster: Reason with shapes and their attributes. 2.G.A.3- Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape 	 Topic B- Composite Shapes and Fraction Concepts Objectives / Learning Targets: Lesson 6: I can combine shapes to create a composite shape; create a new shape from composite shapes. (2.G.A.3) Lesson 7: I can interpret equal shares in composite shapes as halves, thirds, and fourths. (2.G.A.3) Lesson 8: I can interpret equal shares in composite shapes as halves, thirds, and fourths. (2.G.A. 3) Complete Mid-Module Assessment 	Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic B Pacing Considerations: No pacing considerations recommended Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 28: Understand Halves, Thirds, and Fourths in Shapes Zearn: Mission 8 Lesson 7 – Equal Shares Lesson 8 – Shapes in Shapes Embarc.online – Module 8 Videos: Describe fractions of rectangles by counting equal shares (2.G.A.3) I-Ready Lessons Concepts of Fractions in Two-Dimensional Shapes Fraction of a Set: Halves, Thirds, Fourth, Eighths Task Bank: Which Picture Represents One Half? (2.G.A.3) Representing Half of a Rectangle (2.G.A.3)	Fluency Practice: Topic B Lesson 6- Rename for the Smaller Unit, Sprint: Addition and Subtraction Patterns Lesson 7- Subtraction with Renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 8- Rename for the Smaller Unit, Subtraction with Renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency differentiated Practice sets
			SCS 2018/2019

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 15 of 22



Curriculum and Instruction – Mathematics

Grade: 2

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY
 Domain: Geometry: Cluster: Reason with shapes and their attributes. 2.G.A.3- Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape 	 CONTENT Topic C- Halves, Thirds, and Fourths of Circles and Rectangles Objectives / Learning Targets: Lesson 9: I can partition circles and rectangles into equal parts, and describe those parts as halves, thirds, or fourths. (2.G.A.3) Lesson 10: I can partition circles and rectangles into equal parts, and describe those parts as halves, thirds, or fourths. (2.G.A.3) Lesson 11: I can describe a whole by the number of equal parts including 2 halves, 3 thirds, and 4 fourths. (2.G.A.3) Lesson 12: I can recognize that equal parts of an identical rectangle can have different shapes. (2.G.A.3) 	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic C Pacing Considerations: Combine Lessons 9 and 10: Review both lessons and choose the problems that align to the depth of knowledge the standard requires and meets the needs of your students in both the concept development, problem set and exit ticket. Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 28: Understand Halves, Thirds, and Fourths in Shapes Zearn: Mission 8 Lesson 10 – Halves, Thirds, and Fourths Lesson 11 – Partly Described Lesson 12 – Same but Different Embarc.online – Module 8 Videos: Describe fractions of rectangles by counting equal shares (2.G.A.3)	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY Fluency Practice: Topic C Lesson 9- Rename for the larger Unit, Sprint: Subtraction Patterns Lesson 10- Rename for the Larger Unit, Sprint: Addition Patterns Lesson 11- Addition with renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency differentiated Practice sets Lesson 12- Addition with renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency differentiated Practice sets
		equal shares (2.G.A.3) I-Ready Lessons Concepts of Fractions in Two-Dimensional Shapes Fraction of a Set: Halves, Thirds, Fourth, Eighths	
		<u>.</u>	SCS 2018/2019

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18 16 of 22



Curriculum and Instruction – Mathematics

	CONTENT		
 Domain: Measurement and Data Cluster: Work with time and money. 2.MD.C.7- Tell and write time from analog and digital clocks to the nearest five minutes, using a.m. and p.m. Domain: Geometry Cluster: Reason with shapes and their attributes. 2.G.A.3- Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds four fourths. Recognize that equal 	CONTENT Topic D- Application of Fractions to Tell Time Objectives / Learning Targets: • Lesson 13: I can construct a paper clock by partitioning a circle into halves and quarters, and tell time to the half hour or quarter hour. (2. MD.C.7, 2.G.A.3) • Lesson 14: I can tell time to the nearest five minutes. (2. MD.C.7, 2.G.A.3) • Lesson 15: I can tell time to the nearest five minutes; relate a.m. and p.m. to time of day. (2. MD.C.7, 2.G.A.3) • Lesson 16: I can solve elapsed time problems involving whole hours and a half	INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT Task Bank: Which Picture Represents One Half? (2.G.A.3) Representing Half of a Rectangle (2.G.A.3) Representing Half of a Rectangle (2.G.A.3) Eureka Parent Newsletter – Topic D Pacing Considerations: No pacing considerations recommended Additional instructional resources for enrichment/remediation: Remediation Guide Ready teacher-toolbox aligned lessons: • Lesson 24: Tell and Write Time • Math in Action: Recognize and Use Shapes Zearn: Mission 8 Lesson 13 – Clock Talk	VOCABULARY & FLUENCY Fluency Practice: Topic D Lesson 13- Rename for the Smaller Unit, Subtraction with Renaming Lesson 13- Rename for the Smaller Unit, Subtraction with Renaming Lesson 14- Subtraction with Renaming, Happy Counting by Fives, Sprint: Adding and Subtraction with Renaming, Grade Core Fluency differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 16- Subtraction with Renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency differentiated Practice Sets Lesson 16- Subtraction with Renaming, Grade 2 Core Fluency differentiated Practice Sets
shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape	End-of-Module Assessment (optional)	Lesson 15 – About Time Lesson 16 – Time and a Half Embarc.online – Module 8 Videos: Distinguish between a.m. and p.m. (2.MD.C.7) Tell time to the nearest 5 minutes using analog and digital clocks (2.MD.C.7) I-Ready Lessons Telling Time to the 5 Minutes Task Bank: Ordering Time (2.MD.C.7)	
			SCS 2018/2019 Revised 8/29/18

		17 of 22
Major Content	Supporting Content	1/0122



Grade: 2

RESOURCE TOOL BOX							
The Resource Toolbox provides additional support for comprehension and mastery of grade-level skills and concepts. Incorporated materials may assist educators with grouping, enrichment, remediation, and differentiation.							
NWEA MAP Resources: <u>https://teach.mapnwea.org/assist/help_map/ApplicationHelp.htm#UsingTestResults/MAPReportsFinder.htm</u> - Sign in and Click the Learning Continuum Tab – this resources will help as you plan for intervention, and differentiating small group instruction on the skill you are currently teaching. (Four Ways to Impact Teaching with the Learning Continuum) <u>https://support.nwea.org/khanrit</u> - These Khan Academy lessons are aligned to RIT scores.							
Textbook Resources TN Core/CCSS Videos							
Engage NY/Eureka Math Teacher Support	Tennessee Math Standards	Making math fun with place value games					
	Achieve the Core - Tasks	Kids Math TV					
		LearnZillion					
Interactive Manipulatives		Additional Sites					
Base Ten Blocks		Math Dictionary					
Addition Chart		Inverse relationship of addition and subtraction					
		Addition Machine					
Alien Addition							
	Adding Doubles						
	Write a subtraction sentence based on the picture						
		Add three or more one-digit numbers					
		Balance addition equations one-digit					
		Popup Addition Game					
		Popup Subtraction Game					
		Illustrative Mathematics 2nd Grade					
Other							
Use this guide as you prepare to teach a module for additional guidance in planning, pacing, and suggestions for omissions.							
Pacing and Preparation Guide (Omissions)							
Homework Help: Digital Access							
Parent Roadmap							
Parent Newsletters							

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 6/30/17 18 of 22



SHELBY COUNTY SCHOOLS 2018-2019 MATHEMATICS INSTRUCTIONAL CALENDAR – GRADE 2



March 2019						
Lessons for the Week	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Notes:
Module 6 Topic C: Lesson 15 (Omit Lesson 16) Topic D: 17-20					1	Optional Quizzes: Module 7 <u>Topic A</u> <u>Topic B</u> (Quizzes should not take more than 15 minutes to administer)
Module 6 1-day Review End of Module Assessment Flex (NWEA) Day 2-day Flex (Task) Day	4	5 Module 6: End of Module Assessment Complete	6	7	8 3rd Nine Week ends	Note: Flex days are included in the instructional calendar to allow opportunities for review, district testing, tasks and other school-based activities. (See curriculum map for Task Bank)
	11	12	13	14	15	
		Spr	ing Break			
Module 7 Topic A: Lessons 1-5 (Combine Lessons 1/2, 3/4) Topic B: Lesson 6-7	18 Begin 4th Nine Weeks	19	20	21	22	Combine Lessons 1 and 2 Combine Lessons 3 and 4
Module 7 Topic B: Lessons 8- 13 (Combine Lesson 11/12)	25	26	27	28	29	Combine Lessons 11 and 12



SHELBY COUNTY SCHOOLS 2018-2019 MATHEMATICS INSTRUCTIONAL CALENDAR – GRADE 2



			April	2019		
Lessons for the Week	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Notes:
Module 7 1-day Review Mid Module Assessment Topic C: Lesson 14- 15 (Combine 14 and 15) Topic D: Lessons 16- 17	1	2 Module 7: Mid Module Assessment Complete	3	4	5	Combine Lessons 14 and 15 Optional Quizzes: Module 7 <u>Topic C</u> <u>Topic D</u> <u>Topic E</u> <u>Topic F</u> (Quizzes should not take more than 15 minutes to administer)
Module 7 Topic D: Lessons 18- 19 Topic E: Lesson 20- 22	8	9	10	11	12	
Module 7 Topic F: Lessons 23- 25 (Omit Lesson 26) End of Module Assessment	15	16	17	18 Module 7: End of Module Assessment Complete	19 Spring Holiday/Good Friday (Out)	Omit Lesson 26 Note: Use these flex days to accommodate TN Ready testing. Math testing may
	22	not occur during this exact time – adjust your instruction according to your testing time.				
Module 8 Topic A: Lessons 1-5	29	30	1	2	3	





May 2019						
Lessons for	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Notes:
the Week						
Module 8 Topic A: Lessons 1-5			1	2	3	
Module 8 Topic B: Lessons 6-8 1-day Review Mid Module Assessment	6	7	8	9	10 Module 8: Mid Module Assessment Complete	
Module 8 Topic C: Lessons 9- 12 (Combine Lesson 9 and 10) Topic D: Lessons 13- 14	13	14	15	16	17	Combine Lesson 9 and 10
Module 8 Topic D: Lessons 15- 16 1-day Review End of Module Assessment (optional)	20	21	22	23 Module 8: End of Module Assessment Complete (optional) 4th Nine Week ends	24 Admin Day	
	27	28	29	30	31	



SHELBY COUNTY SCHOOLS 2018-2019 MATHEMATICS INSTRUCTIONAL CALENDAR – GRADE 2

